

ALGAE, MOSS AND MILDEW REMOVER

WHAT THE PRODUCT DOES.

It will kill all living organisms, mildews, algae and spores on the masonry surface it does not clean dirty masonry. After sterilising the surface it does not leave algaecidal agents in the masonry. It is one of the active agents named in the BRE digest the control of Algae, lichens and mosses in masonry. It removes undesirable and unsightly growths, effortlessly from masonry and painted surfaces.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

It is an aqueous formulation of stabilisers, chlorinating agents and wetting agents. It is safe for use on all types of masonry.

PRE CLEANING RECOMMENDATIONS

Large organic deposits are best removed first by scraper or by a power jet spray before application of the chemical. After power water jetting 1-2 hours drain down time should be allowed.

HOW TO USE THE PRODUCT

Apply the product as supplied either by brush or by low pressure air spray (taking due care), to give a good coating over the masonry surface. The product can be left to weather away or after 1-2 hours the surface can be power water jetted off.

COVERAGE

Approximately 3-4m²/l.

MATERIALS TO BE AVOIDED

Consult the table*. The product must not be mixed with acids or dangerous fumes will be formed.

* Where this asterisk appears users should consult our document GENERAL TECHNIQUES AND MATERIALS FOR THE CLEANING OF MASONRY USING NEOLITH CHEMICALS for further details and information.



TEST PATCH TRIAL

If the product is to be left in situe without jetting off, the living organisms, when killed can turn black and leave a dirty looking appearance – check by test patch if this is acceptable or power water jet off the debris.

PROTECTION OF OPERATIVES

Chemical protection suits are needed along with PVC gauntlet gloves, face shield and head cover and also suitable footwear. A bucket of clean water for emergency use should be at hand. Nobody must be allowed to pass or work near or underneath cleaning areas. Spillages must be washed down immediately and at the end of the work, wash equipment, scaffolding and boards. All persons should be familiar with required safety precautions and correct method of handling the product.

FIRST AID ADVICE

Accidental splashes on the skin or clothing must be washed off immediately with fresh clean water. Contaminated clothing should be removed.

SPLASHES IN THE EYES

Must be immediately irrigated with plenty of clean water. An eye wash of dilute boric acid may be used.

SPALSHES ON THE SKIN

Wash immediately with plenty of water.

ECOLOGY

The active chlorinating agent is harmful to fish and plants until it has been used in sterilising activity. It is important therefore to prevent splashes on plants and vegetation and to ensure that any wash down debris is not allowed into surface water or rivers. If the NEOLITH ENVIRONMENTAL JETTING TECHNIQUE* is followed then after 10 hours contact time we have not experienced any damage from the wash down debris, to fish but authorities should be consulted about disposal into drains.

DISPOSAL OF CONTAINERS

When empty the containers should be filled with water and then emptied in an approved place before disposing of them.

